IN THE CLAIMS:

- 1 1. (cancelled) A purified and isolated DNA molecule consisting essentially of the
- nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1, or its complementary strand.
- 1 2. (cancelled) The purified and isolated DNA molecule of Claim 1, wherein said DNA
- 2 molecule encodes for a purified and isolated protein molecule consisting essentially of the
- amino acid sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2.
- 1 | §. (currently amended) A live, attenuated strain of V.anguillarum which comprises:
- a mugA gene comprising nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEQ ID NO:1, the mugA gene-boing
- 3 mutated such that the strain is incapable of expressing a functional mugh protein the strain
- 4 having a mutation located within nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEO ID NO: 1 that renders the
- 5 strain incapable of expressing a functional mugA protein.
- 1 χ (original) The live, attenuated strain according to claim 3 wherein the strain is
- 2 incapable of growing in salmon intestinal mucus.
- 1 3 % (original) The live, attenuated strain according to claim & wherein the mutation is non-
- 2 revertible.
- 1 4 6. (original) The live, attenuated strain according to claim 4 wherein the mutation is an
- 2 insertion.
- 2 deletion.

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1 8. (currently amended) A vaccine strain against V. anguillarum infection in an animal

selected from the group consisting of fish, bivalves and crustaceans comprising:

- a live, attenuated strain of V.anguillarum which comprises a mugA gene comprising
- 4 nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEQ ID NO:1, the nurgh gene being mutated such that the strain is
- 5 incapable of expressing a functional mugA protein the strain having a mutation located within
- 6 nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEO ID NO: 1 that renders the strain incapable of expressing a
- 7 functional mugA protein.
- (original) The vaccine strain according to claim & wherein the strain further comprises
 a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 1 10. (cancelled) The vaccine strain according to claim 8 wherein the animal is a fish.
- 1 11. (cancelled) The vaccine strain according to claim 8 wherein the animal is a bivalve.
- 1 12. (cancelled) The vaccine strain according to claim 8 wherein the animal is a crustacean.
- 1 13. (original) The vaccine strain according to claim & wherein the mutation is non2 revertible.
- 1 9 M. (original) The vaccine strain according to claim 13 wherein the mutation is an 2 insertion.
- (original) The vaccine strain according to claim 13 wherein the mutation is a deletion.

- 1/16. (currently amended) A method for immunizing an animal selected from the group
- 2 consisting of fish, bivalves and crustaceans against V. anguillarum infection in the animal
- 3 which comprises:

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- administering to the animal a vaccine comprised of a live, attenuated strain of
- 5 V.anguillarum which comprises a mutated mugA gene comprising nucleotides 1218-2610 of
- 6 SEQ ID NO:1, the mugA-gene being mutated such that the strain is incapable of expressing a
- 7 functional mugA protein: said strain having a mutation located within nucleotides 1218-2610 of
- 8 SEO ID NO: 1 that renders the strain incapable of expressing a functional mugA protein.

(original) The method according to claim 16 wherein administering comprises immersion.

1\(\) 1\(\) (original) The method according to claim \(\) (6 wherein administering comprises 2 intraperitoneal injection.

1 12. (original) The method according to claim \6 wherein administering comprises oral intubation.

1 \(\frac{1}{2} \). (original) The method according to claim 16 wherein administering comprises anal lintubation.

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- 1 22. (canceled) The method according to claim 16 wherein the animal is a fish.
- 1 23. (canceled) The method according to claim 16 wherein the animal is a bivalve.
- 1 24. (cancelled) The method according to claim 16 wherein the animal is a crustacean.
- 1 \(\sqrt{25}\). (original) The method according to claim 16 wherein the mutation in the mugA gene is
- 2 non-revertible.
- (original) The method according to claim 25 wherein the mutation in the mugA gene is
- 2 an insertion.
- 1 \(\sqrt{27}\). (original) The method according to claim 25 wherein the mutation in the mugA gene is 2 a deletion.
- 1 28. (currently amended) A method of inducing an immune response in an animal selected
- 2 from the group consisting of fish, bivalves and crustaceans against one or more pathogens
- which comprises transforming a live, attenuated strain of V. anguillarum which comprises a
- 4 mugA gene comprising nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEQ ID NO:1, said strain having a mutation
- 5 located within nucleotides 1218-2610 of SEO ID NO: 1 that renders said strain incapable of
- 6 expressing a functional mugA protein the mugA gene being mutated such that the strain is
- 7 incapable of expressing a functional mug/1 protein, , with a plasmid comprising DNA of
- 8 interest encoding at least one protein antigen for each of the pathogens and administering the
- 9 transformed strain to the animal.

- 1 29. (cancelled) A method for the detection of the presence of V. anguillarum in animal
- 2 tissue or fluids comprising:
- 3 contacting the sample with a detectably labeled DNA probe wherein the probe
- 4 comprises a detectable single-stranded DNA having a nucleotide sequence which specifically
- 5 and selectively hybridizes with DNA of V. anguillarum, the DNA probe comprising a
- 6 nucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO. 1, whereby the
- 7 presence of the DNA is indicative of a V. anguillarum infection.
- 1 30. (cancelled) A mutated strain of V.anguillarum characterized in that the strain is
- 2 incapable of growing in salmon intestinal mucous.